

The Manitoba Legislative Building was designed by English architects Frank Worthington Simon and Henry Boddington III. Construction of the building began in 1913 but was paused many times. It finally opened in 1920, the 50th anniversary of Manitoba's entry into confederation. At the top of the Legislative Building is top of the Anderson as symbol of youth and enterprise.

Manitoba Legislative Building 450 Broadway, 1920

The design for the Old Law Courts Building was inspired by ancient Greek and Roman structures. It is now one of three buildings that house the Manitoba Courts. The Manitoba Courts are responsible for dealing with all manners of the law.

The Old Law Courts Building 391 Broadway, 1916

This building was designed by local architects Smith Carter Searle
Associates. There was so much public interest in the construction that a "viewing station" was built so people could sit and watch the construction take place! The building sits on a high base called a "pedestal" which makes it look like it's floating.

Worker's Compensation Board Building (formerly Monarch Life) 333 Broadway, 1961 The Winnipeg Land Titles Building was designed by then provincial architect Samuel Hooper. The exterior features Manitoba Tyndall limestone and the interior has marble floors! This building is now used by the Manitoba Courts as part of their Law Courts Complex.

Winnipeg Land Titles Building 433 Broadway, 1904

Heaven Between is a piece of public artwork created by Vancouver-based artwork created by Vancouver-based artist Bill Pechet and installed here in 2016. The shape of the artwork is inspired by the rooftops of several of the buildings along Broadway, including Union Station and the including Union Station and the created for public spaces and is often created for public spaces and is often inspired by the location where it is sinstalled.

Broadway & Edmonton Street, 2016

Heaven Between

When the Princeton Apartments was built, it was surrounded by large mansions and beautiful tree lined streets. The building was designed by architect William Wallace Blair and described as "grand and theatrical, monumental and self-confident."

At the time of its construction, it was one of Broadway's tallest buildings!

Princeton Apartments 314 Broadway, 1909 Centennial House is an eight-storey steel and concrete office building, named in honour of Manitoba's 100th birthday. The building is designed to look taller than it is. The long vertical rows of windows and the tall white concrete panels make you look up.

Centennial House 310 Broadway, 1970

Union Station was designed by architects Warren and Wetmore, the same architects that designed Grand Central Station in New York City! The railway station was built using Tyndall limestone, a building material which is found just outside of Winnipeg and is over 450 million years old! Union Station has operated as a railway station for over 100 years.

Union Station 123 Main Street, 1911 The Fort Garry Hotel was designed by Montreal architects Ross and MacFarlane. It was built and operated by Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, one of three railway companies that used Union Station. When it opened, it was one of Canada's largest hotels!

**Fort Garry Hotel** 222 Broadway, 1913

the riverbanks and Indigenous peoples met with French, English, and Scottish fur traders at these posts. Between 1835 and 1837, the Hudson's Bay Company built Upper Fort Garry, a place where people lived, shopped, and worked. The fort was eventually torn down, and the area became a provincial park.

Upper Fort Garry Provincial Park 130 Main Street

Since the 1700s, trading posts lined

For centuries this area—located near the junction of the Red and Assiniboine Rivers—was a meeting place for First Nations. It later became one of Winnipeg's first and most exclusive residential districts. In fact, Broadway is one of the oldest streets in Winnipeg! By the 1880s, big houses lined Broadway. However, as the suburbs developed, many families moved out of the neighbourhood. This changed the area into a predominately commercial, rather than tesidential, district.

## What was your favourite building on Broadway? Draw it!

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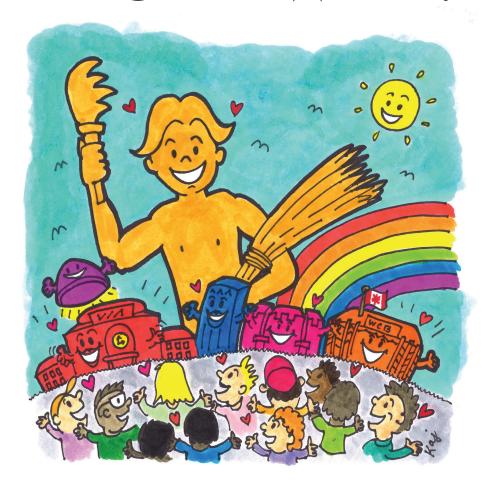




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an architecture tour for kids

